Guide to MSSA abstracts

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Abstracts are returned because...

- The content is unacceptable
 - No order, poor spelling, illogical, unscientific, incomplete, incomprehensible

- The format is incorrect
 - Does not follow instructions given to authors

Scientific organization

- Four distinct components of the abstract:
 - What was the problem?
 - Introduction
 - How did you study the problem?
 - Methods and materials
 - What did you find?
 - Results
 - What do these findings mean?
 - Discussion

Introduction

- Supply sufficient background information to allow the reader to:
 - Understand the rationale of the study
 - Evaluate previous results without having to refer to other publications
 - Clearly define aim

Introduction

The use of galvanised coatings on steel wire for structural ropes and cables has become standard practice as unprotected steel is prone to corrosion degradation. Galvanised coatings increase service lifespan by providing barrier and cathodic corrosion protection to the underlying steel¹. Zinc (Zn) and zinc-aluminium (Zn-Al) alloys¹ are the most commonly used metallic coatings on steel wire. Zn-Al coatings outperform Zn coatings, most notably in marine environments, as they combine the highly insulating oxide film associated with Al corrosion and the cathodic protection of Zn to the underlying steel².

In this study, the corrosion of Zn-10Al (10% weight Al content) alloy coating on low carbon steel wire is/investigated. Accelerated corrosion tests are performed in order to understand and quantify the mechanism by which such corrosion occurs.

Rationale of the study

Clearly defined aim

Methods

- How the study was carried out
- Three main points of interest:
 - Subjects
 - · What were they?
 - How many?
 - How were they selected?
 - Apparatus
 - Equipment
 - Reagents
 - Procedure
 - Specimen preparation
 - Measurements taken
 - Data collection
 - Statistical manipulation

Methods

Subjects

Samples of 3mm diameter low carbon steel wire coated with 300g/m² of Zn-10Al were subjected to 2,016hrs of the ASTM B117 salt spray test³. These experiments were conducted in a Q-FOG cyclic corrosion tester. Corrosion products were removed from the surface of the samples at the end of the salt spray test, after which samples were sectioned, mounted and polished for metallography. Microstructural evaluations of the Zn-10Al coating before and after the salt spray test were performed using scanning electron microscopy (SEM) in a Nova NanoSEM 230 using the backscattered electron (BSE) detector.

Apparatus

Procedures

Results

Presents the findings

Draws attention to the points of interest

- Displays summarised and analysed data
 - Micrographs, table, graphs, stats
 - Be sure that these are correctly labelled and identified

Results

Displays analysed data

Draws attention to the points of interest

The BSE image in Fig. 1 reveals the nature of the Zn-10Al microstructure. The microstructure consists of a mixture of β (Al-rich) and η (Zn-rich) phases, represented by dark and light regions respectively, as determined by energy dispersive spectroscopy in the SEM. A distinct intermetallic layer of Fe-Zn-Al (A) was observed between the low carbon steel wire (B) and the Zn-10Al coating. Numerous cracks were observed within the Zn-10Al coating after the ASTM B117 salt spray test as shown in Fig. 2. These cracks are a clear indication of corrosion damage to the coating.

Discussion

- Discuss results in context of aims
 - Did you find what you expected?
 - Compare results with previous studies?
 - Why were your results un/expected?

 Avoid unimportant, unconstructive and negative arguments

Conclusion

Main findings summarised

Suggestions made for further research

Discussion and Conclusion

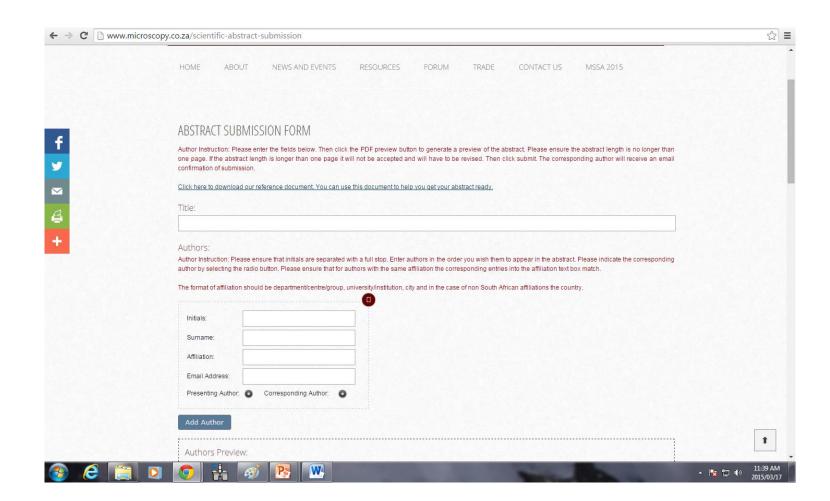
Explaining the results

Conclusion

A potential difference exists between β (Al-rich) and η (Zn-rich) phases in the Zn-10Al coating⁴. This leads to preferential corrosion of the γ (Zn-rich) phase along grain boundaries of η (Zn-rich) primary crystals and β (Al-rich) primary crystals when the coating is exposed to a corrosive environment^{4,5}. The extensive crack formation can possibly be explained by the volume expansion arising from the internal corrosion products. Consequently, it may be concluded that although Al enhances the outer oxide layer protection, the microgalvanic effect associated with the two-phase microstructure can accelerate corrosion in harsh environments.

Submitting the abstract

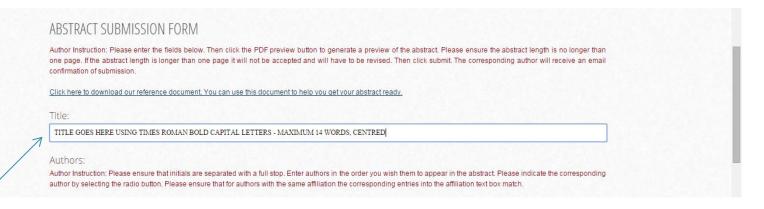
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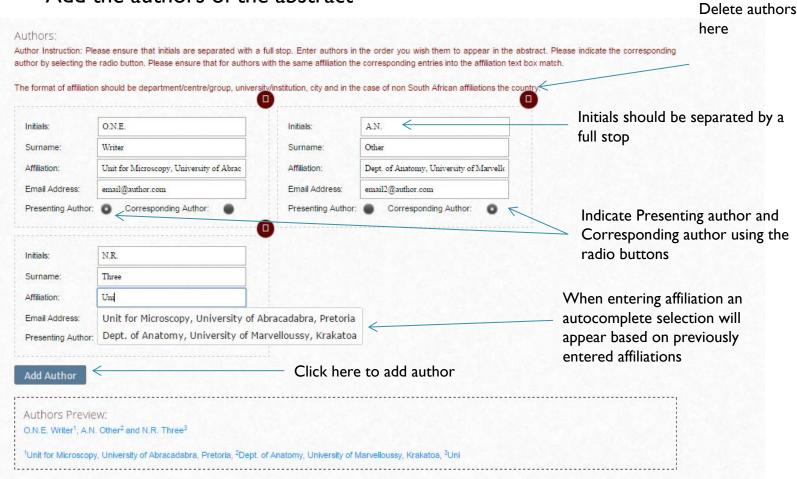
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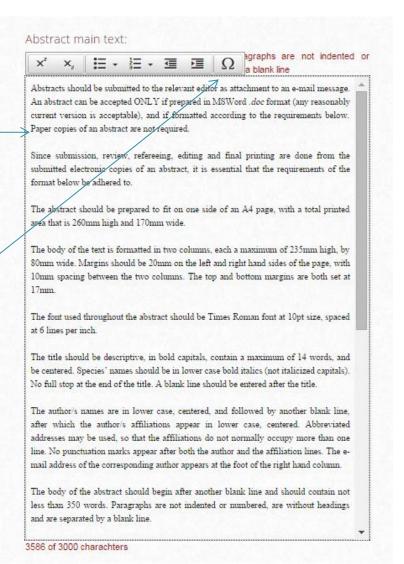


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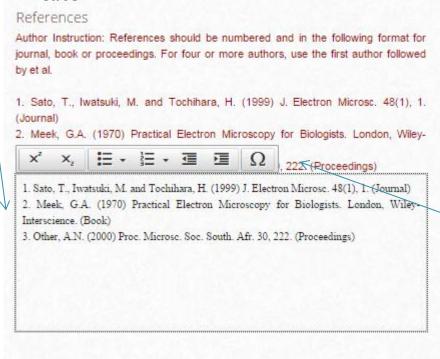
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References

- Journal publication
 - Template:
 - Writer, A., Second, O.N.E and Last, O.N.E.
 (YEAR) Title of the Journal vol(issue), page.
 - Example:
 - Sato, T., Iwatsuki, M. and Tochihara, H. (1999)
 J. Electron Microsc. <u>48</u>(1), 1.

References

- Book
 - Template:
 - Author, T.H.E. (YEAR) The title goes here.
 Place, Publisher.
 - Example:
 - Meek, G.A. (1970) Practical Electron Microscopy for Biologists. London, Wiley-Interscience.

References

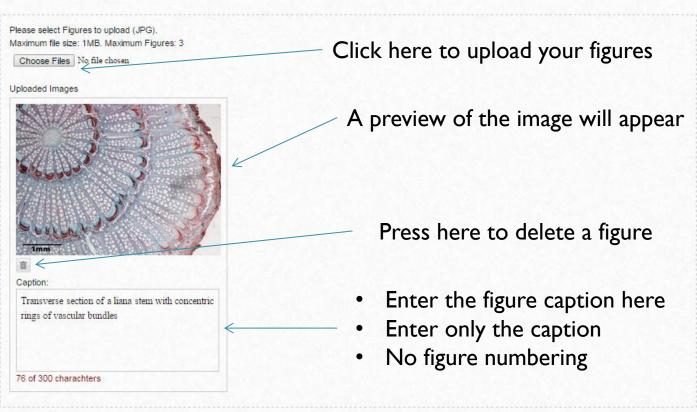
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 - Author, A.N. (YEAR) Conference vol, page.
 - Example:
 - Other, A.N. (2000) Proc. Microsc. Soc. South. Afr. 30, 222.

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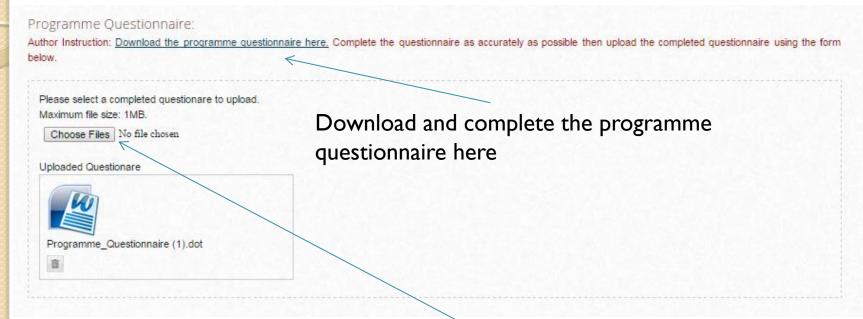
Figures:

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PREVIEW ABSTRACT

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TITLE GOES HERE USING TIMES ROMAN BOLD CAPITAL LETTERS - MAXIMUM 14 WORDS,

O.N.E. Writer¹, A.N. Other² and N.R. Three¹

¹Unit for Microscopy, University of Abracadobra, Pretoria, ²Dept. of Amsomy, University of Marvelloussy, Krakaton

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Since submission, review, refereeing, editing and final printing are done from the submitted electronic copies of an abstract, it is essential that the requirements of the format below be adhered to.

The abstract should be prepared to fit on one side of an A4 page, with a total printed area that is 260mm high and

The body of the text is formatted in two columns, each a maximum of 235mra high, by 80mm wide. Margins should be 20mm on the left and right hand sides of the page, with 10mm spacing between the two columns. The top and bottom margins are both set at 17mm.

The font used throughout the abstract should be Times Roman foot at 10st size, spaced at 6 lines per inch.

The title should be descriptive, in bold capitals, contain a maximum of 14 words, and be centered. Species' names should be in lower case hold italies (not indicised capitals). No full stop at the end of the title. A blank line should be emered after the take.

The author's names are in lower case, centered, and followed by another blank line, after which the author's affiliations appear in lower case, centered. Abbreviated addresses may be used, so that the affiliations do not normally occupy more than one line. No penetuation marks appear after both the author and the affiliation lines. The email address of the corresponding author appears at the foot of the right hand column.

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The text should describe the aim of the work and should provide a brief introduction, sufficient to orientate the nonspecialist reader. A brief description of the techniques employed, a discussion of the results, and a mention of the most important conclusions should follow this.

The left hand column should comain text only; the right hand column may comain sext, and/or rables and/or figures and references.

All figures should be referred to in the sext (Fig. 1), should have brief but clear captions, and should be provided with a scale bur, the dimensions of which may be defined either in the figure or in the exption.

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Literature citations are by means of superscript nurabers1.

Literature references should follow one double space below the test under the heading "References". For four or more authors, use the first author followed by et al.

J. Sato, T., Iwataski, M. and Tochibara, H. (1999) J. Electron Microsc. 48(1): 1. (Insertal): Meck, G.A. (1970) Practical Electron Microscopy for Biologists. London, Wiley-Interscience. (Book) 3. Other, A.N. (2000) Proc. Microsc. Soc. South. Afr. 30,



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